



ABOVE: Fahlong Sae Suen keeps the age-old art of noodle-making alive by bouncing up and down on a wooden pole to knead the dough.



TOP LEFT: The Yunnan Noodle shop is famous for its egg noodle soup.

LEFT: Yupin Cheewinkulthong, a third-generation member of the Wang Put Tan tea family, is among the young residents hoping to promote Doi Mae Salong as a gastronomic village.



BOTTOM: The morning fresh market at Doi Mae Salong offers both fresh and preserved produce.

town.

The book compiles the traditional foods found in the valley. Some are family recipes, others dishes available at restaurants, and the book also explains the origins of the community, which is still home to the survivors of Chiang Kai-Shek's forces and their supporters who in

their prime fought the Red Army, but were forced to seek refuge on the Thai border after the communists came to power in 1949.

After Mao Zedong's communist party victory in China, the defeated KMT armies led by Chiang Kai-Shek relocated from Yunnan and struggled in the rugged mountain terrain

of Myanmar and Laos for many years before moving to Taiwan. However, thousands of soldiers of the 93rd Division led by generals Tuan Shiwen and Lee Wen-huan refused to surrender and were forced to relocate to the border of Northern Thailand in 1961.

The KMT members assisted the